



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

BRAZIL.

Reports from Rio de Janeiro—Inspection of vessels—Mortality—Plague and smallpox.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stewart reports, July 8 and 16:

Week ended July 3: Vessels inspected and received bills of health: June 28, the Brazilian steamship *Goyaz*, for New York in cargo and with 23 cabin and 31 steerage passengers; July 3, the British steamship *Tennyson*, for New York, in cargo, and with 11 cabin and 18 steerage passengers. No other vessels left this port during the period referred to.

Week ended July 10. No vessels left this port requiring inspection and no bills of health were issued.

Mortality in Rio de Janeiro—Plague and smallpox.

Week ended July 4. Estimated population, 811,443; total deaths, 263. No deaths nor cases reported due to yellow fever or bubonic plague. Smallpox caused 1 death, with 5 new reported cases. At the close of the week there were in the hospital São Sebastião 18 cases of smallpox under treatment.

Week ended July 11. Total deaths, 240. Smallpox caused 1 death, with 3 new cases. There were no cases nor deaths due to yellow fever. Plague caused no deaths, but there was 1 new reported case. At the close of the week there were in the hospital São Sebastião 23 cases of smallpox under treatment.

Census population, 1907, 628,675.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Mengis reports:

Week ended July 29. Present officially estimated population, 10,000. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
July 23	Belize.....	Mobile.....	18	0	0
23	Harry T. Inge	New Orleans.....	34	2	7

CHINA.

Reports from Hongkong—Quarantine restrictions—Plague and smallpox—Examination of emigrants—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gröne reports, June 15 and 24:

Quarantinable diseases.—Week ended June 5: Plague, 9 cases, 10 deaths. Week ended June 12: Plague, 11 cases, 9 deaths; smallpox, 1 case, 1 death. Week ended June 19: Plague, 13 cases, 13 deaths; smallpox, 1 case, 1 death.

Aliens examined for Honolulu and Pacific coast ports.—Week ended June 5: Examined 140, rejected 43. Week ended June 12: Examined 0. Week ended June 19: Examined 646, rejected 215.

Aliens examined for Philippine Islands.—Week ended June 5: Examined 2, rejected 0. Week ended June 12: Examined 12, rejected 7. Week ended June 19: Examined 24, rejected 18.

Inspection of vessels.—Week ended June 5: Vessels inspected and granted bills of health, 9. Week ended June 12: 9. Week ended June 19: 11.

Report from Swatow—City free from plague.

Consul Pontius reports, June 28:

Swatow is reported as entirely free from plague. A few cases have occurred, as previously reported, but did not cause a general outbreak. Conditions in neighboring localities in which plague has prevailed during the past two months are much improved, and the outbreak appears to be subsiding.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports:

Week ended July 24. Estimated population, 8,000. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Mosquitoes, especially *Anopheles*, have increased; *Stegomyia calopus* present.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
July 18	Belvernon.....	Mobile, via Bocas.....	22	0	0
18	Limon.....	Boston.....	44	12	0
19	Prinz Joachin.....	New York.....	140	26	5
20	Pacuore.....	do.....	54	7	0
22	Parismina.....	New Orleans.....	87	8	54
22	Origen.....	do.....	27	0	0
23	Dictator.....	do.....	20	0	0
23	Grib.....	Mobile.....	19	0	0
24	Ravn.....	Baltimore, via Jamaica....	19	0	0

Week ended July 31. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
July 25	Esparta.....	Boston.....	44	13	0
25	Katie.....	U. S. ports via Jamaica....	23	0	0
26	Sarnia.....	New York.....	56	91	11
26	Citta di Milano.....	Ponce.....	85	57	90
27	Appomattox.....	New Orleans.....	47	0	0
28	Turialda.....	do.....	89	9	27
29	Karen.....	do.....	24	1	0
30	Atenas.....	do.....	74	0	0
31	Preston.....	Mobile.....	31	1	0